# Specification of Asynchronous Component Systems with Modal I/O-Petri Nets

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- Systems of asynchronously communicating components
- Formal specification of component and system behaviors

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- Infinite state systems  $\longrightarrow$  Petri nets
- Loose specifications —> modal transitions (may, must)
- Observational abstraction  $\longrightarrow$  hiding and au-transitions
- Refinement correctness
- Communication correctness
- Decidability results  $\longrightarrow$  Petri nets
- Modular and incremental verification

# Example: File Compressing System



# Modal Asynchronous I/O-Petri Nets (MAIOPNs)

# $\label{eq:compressorAssembly} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{\sf Example: CompressorAssembly} = \\ & \mbox{\sf GifCompressor} \otimes \mbox{\sf Controller} \otimes \mbox{\sf TxtCompressor} \end{array}$



# Hiding of Channel Places

**Example:** CompressorAssembly \{gif,fail,jpg,txt,zip}



### Semantics

Modal Asynchronous I/O-Transition Systems = Modal I/O-Transition Systems [Larsen et al. 1988,2007] extended by Communication Channels

- states = reachable markings,
- initial state = initial marking,
- may-transitions  $m \xrightarrow{a} m'$ ,
- must-transitions  $m \xrightarrow{a} m'$ , such that  $m \longrightarrow m' \implies m \xrightarrow{a} m'$



 $m^0$ 



$$m^0 \stackrel{\text{file?}}{\longrightarrow} m^1$$



 $m^0 \stackrel{\mathsf{file}?}{\longrightarrow} m^1 \stackrel{\mathsf{gif}^{\rhd}}{\longrightarrow} m^2$ 



 $m^0 \stackrel{\text{file?}}{\longrightarrow} m^1 \stackrel{\text{gif}^{\triangleright}}{\longrightarrow} m^2 \stackrel{^{\triangleright}\text{gif}}{\longrightarrow} m^3$ 



 $m^0 \stackrel{\text{file?}}{\longrightarrow} m^1 \stackrel{\text{gif}^{\triangleright}}{\longrightarrow} m^2 \stackrel{\stackrel{\triangleright}{\longrightarrow}}{\longrightarrow} m^3 \stackrel{\text{file?}}{\longrightarrow} m^4$ 



 $m^{0} \xrightarrow{\text{file?}} m^{1} \xrightarrow{\text{gif}^{\rhd}} m^{2} \xrightarrow{\overset{\triangleright}{ ext{gif}}} m^{3} \xrightarrow{\text{file?}} m^{4} \xrightarrow{\text{gif}^{\rhd}} m^{5}$ 



 $m^0 \xrightarrow{\text{file?}} m^1 \xrightarrow{\text{gif}^{\rhd}} m^2 \xrightarrow{\overset{\triangleright}{\longrightarrow}} m^3 \xrightarrow{\text{file?}} m^4 \xrightarrow{\text{gif}^{\rhd}} m^5 \xrightarrow{\text{fail}^{\rhd}} m^6$ 

### Weak Modal Refinement [Hüttel, Larsen 1989]



(a) Must-transitions of the abstract net are preserved (up to  $\tau$ s). (b) May-transitions of the concrete net are simulated (up to  $\tau$ s).

# Weak Modal Refinement: Example







### Results for Refinement

### Decidability:

(1)  $\mathcal{M} \leq \mathcal{N}$  is decidable if both  $\mathcal{M}$  and  $\mathcal{N}$  are modally weakly deterministic.

(2) Modal weak determinism is decidabe as well.

#### Modular verification:

(1) 
$$\mathcal{M} \leq \mathcal{N} \text{ and } \mathcal{E} \leq \mathcal{F} \implies \mathcal{M} \otimes \mathcal{E} \leq \mathcal{N} \otimes \mathcal{F}.$$
  
(2)  $\mathcal{M} \leq \mathcal{N} \implies (\mathcal{M} \setminus \mathcal{H}) \leq (\mathcal{N} \setminus \mathcal{H}).$ 

# Communication Requirements

Goal: Avoid communication errors!

*Typical communication errors:* 

Message not taken, message not delivered.

Variants: \* synchronous vs asynchronous communication,

- \* message queues vs message pools,
- \* delayed vs undelayed reception,
- \* optimistic vs pessimistic view of the environment, ...

Literature:

- \* specified reception in CFSMs [Brand, Zafiropulo 1983],
- \* compatibility of interface automata [de Alfaro, Henzinger 2005],
- \* communication-safe assemblies [ICTAC 2011],
- \* I/O-compatibility in team automata [Carmona, Kleijn 2013], ...

We consider:

Message not taken, asynchronous communication with message pools, delayed reception, pessimistic view.

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# Consumption Properties for Channels

Assume given a MAIOPN  $\mathcal{M}$  and a subset B of the channels of  $\mathcal{M}$ .

*M* is message consuming w.r.t. *B* if for all channels *c* ∈ *B* and for all reachable markings *m* of *M*: if *c* is not empty, then *there exists* a path of <u>autonomous must-transitions</u>

$$m \xrightarrow{a_1} \dots \xrightarrow{a_n} m' \xrightarrow{\rhd_c}$$

Autonomous means: No open input action under the a<sub>i</sub>.

*M* is necessarily message consuming w.r.t. *B* if for all channels *c* ∈ *B* and for all reachable markings *m* of *M*: if *c* is not empty, then → will "always" eventually be executed. What means "always"?



 $m^0$ 



$$m^0 \stackrel{{\sf file}?}{\longrightarrow} m^1$$



$$m^0 \xrightarrow{\operatorname{file}?} m^1 \xrightarrow{\operatorname{gif}^{\rhd}} m^2$$



$$m^0 \stackrel{\mathsf{file}?}{\longrightarrow} m^1 \stackrel{\mathsf{gif}^{\vartriangleright}}{\longrightarrow} m^2 \stackrel{^{\triangleright}\!\mathsf{gif}}{\longrightarrow} m^3$$



$$m^0 \xrightarrow{\text{file}?} m^1 \xrightarrow{\text{gif}^{\rhd}} m^2 \xrightarrow{{}^{\triangleright}\text{gif}} m^3 \xrightarrow{\text{file}?} m^4$$



 $m^0 \xrightarrow{\text{file?}} m^1 \xrightarrow{\text{gif}^{\rhd}} m^2 \xrightarrow{\overset{\triangleright_{\text{gif}}}{\longrightarrow}} m^3 \xrightarrow{\text{file?}} m^4 \xrightarrow{\text{gif}^{\rhd}} m^5$ 



$$m^{0} \xrightarrow{\text{file}?} m^{1} \xrightarrow{\text{gif}^{\rhd}} m^{2} \xrightarrow{\triangleright_{\text{gif}}} m^{3} \xrightarrow{\text{file}?} m^{4} \xrightarrow{\text{gif}^{\rhd}} m^{5} \xrightarrow{\text{jpg}^{\rhd}} m^{6}$$



 $m^0 \xrightarrow{\text{file?}} m^1 \xrightarrow{\text{gif}^{\rhd}} m^2 \xrightarrow{\overset{\circ}{\to}} m^3 \xrightarrow{\text{file?}} m^4 \xrightarrow{\text{gif}^{\rhd}} m^5 \xrightarrow{\text{jpg}^{\rhd}} m^6 \xrightarrow{\overset{\circ}{\to}} m^7$ 

Decidability:

The property of message consuming is decidable.

#### Preservation by refinement:

 ${\mathcal N}$  message consuming and  ${\mathcal M} \leq {\mathcal N} \implies {\mathcal M}$  message consuming.

#### Incremental verification:

 $\mathcal{M}\otimes\mathcal{N}$  message consuming and  $(\mathcal{M}\otimes\mathcal{N})\otimes\mathcal{E}$  message consuming w.r.t. the new channels.

Then:  $\mathcal{M}\otimes\mathcal{N}\otimes\mathcal{E}$  is message consuming.

### Incremental Verification: Example



### Incremental Verification: Example



### Incremental Verification: Example



 $\mathcal{M}$  is **necessarily message consuming** w.r.t. B if for all channels  $c \in B$  and for all reachable markings m of  $\mathcal{M}$ :

if c is not empty, then  $\xrightarrow{\triangleright_c}$  will "always" eventually be executed.

What means "always"?



Then this is a run:  $(\stackrel{msg^{\triangleright}}{\longrightarrow} \stackrel{in?}{\longrightarrow})^{\infty}$ 

Hence: This component is not consuming on all runs.

BUT: This component is consuming on all weakly fair runs.



Then this is a weakly fair run:  $m^0$ 



Then this is a weakly fair run:  $m^0 \xrightarrow{\operatorname{msg}}$ 



Then this is a weakly fair run:  $m^0 \xrightarrow{\text{msg}} \xrightarrow{\text{in?}}$ 



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Then this is a weakly fair run:  $m^0 \xrightarrow{\text{msg}} \xrightarrow{\text{in?}} \xrightarrow{\text{imsg}} \xrightarrow{\text{out!}}$ 



Then this is a weakly fair run:  $m^{0} \xrightarrow{\text{msg}} \xrightarrow{\text{in?}} \xrightarrow{\text{pmsg}} \xrightarrow{\text{out!}} (\xrightarrow{\text{msg}}$ 



Then this is a weakly fair run:  $m^{0} \xrightarrow{\text{msg}} \stackrel{\text{in?}}{\longrightarrow} \xrightarrow{\text{lmsg}} \stackrel{\text{out!}}{\longrightarrow} (\xrightarrow{\text{msg}} \stackrel{\text{in?}}{\longrightarrow} \xrightarrow{\text{in?}}$ 



Then this is a weakly fair run:  $m^0 \xrightarrow{\text{msg}} \xrightarrow{\text{in?}} \xrightarrow{\rhd} \xrightarrow{\text{msg}} \xrightarrow{\text{out!}} (\xrightarrow{\text{msg}} \xrightarrow{\tau} \xrightarrow{\tau})$ 



Then this is a weakly fair run:  $m^{0} \xrightarrow{\text{msg}} \xrightarrow{\text{in?}} \xrightarrow{\overset{\square}{\longrightarrow}} \xrightarrow{\text{out!}} (\xrightarrow{\text{msg}} \xrightarrow{\overset{\square}{\longrightarrow}} \xrightarrow{\tau}) (\xrightarrow{\text{msg}}$ 



Then this is a weakly fair run:  $m^{0} \xrightarrow{\text{msg}} \xrightarrow{\text{in?}} \xrightarrow{\overset{\square}{\longrightarrow}} \xrightarrow{\text{out!}} (\xrightarrow{\text{msg}} \xrightarrow{\text{in?}} \xrightarrow{\tau}) (\xrightarrow{\text{msg}} \xrightarrow{\text{in?}} \xrightarrow{\tau})$ 



Then this is a weakly fair run:  $m^0 \xrightarrow{\text{msg}} \xrightarrow{\text{in?}} \xrightarrow{\mathbb{P}_{\text{msg}}} \xrightarrow{\text{out!}} (\xrightarrow{\text{msg}} \xrightarrow{\tau}) (\xrightarrow{\text{msg}} \xrightarrow{\tau})...$ 

Hence: This component is not consuming on all weakly fair runs.

BUT: This component is consuming on all *observationally weakly fair* runs.

Additionally: A run can stop if it reaches a potential deadlock

### Definition:

 $\mathcal{M}$  is **necessarily message consuming** w.r.t. B if for all channels  $c \in B$  and for all reachable markings m of  $\mathcal{M}$ :

if c is not empty, then  $\xrightarrow{\succ_c}$  will eventually be executed on all observationally weakly fair runs starting in m.

#### Results:

Decidability holds (relies on [Jancar 1990]).

Preservation by refinement holds.

Incremental verification holds.

# System Development Methodology (1)

#### An interface specification for the file compressing system



# System Development Methodology (2)



# Conclusion: Next steps

- Larger case-studies
- Multi-cast communication (e.g. broadcasting)
- "Message not provided" communication properties
- Tools
- Component model with ports and assume/guarantee reasoning
- Thread-based implementations