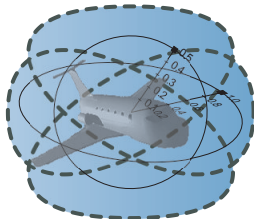


Logical Foundations of Cyber-Physical Systems

André Platzer

Computer Science Department
Carnegie Mellon University





Which control decisions are safe for aircraft collision avoidance?

Cyber-Physical Systems

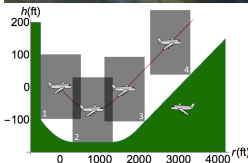
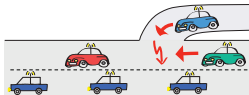
CPSs combine cyber capabilities with physical capabilities to solve problems that neither part could solve alone.

Prospects: Safety & Efficiency

(Autonomous) cars

(Auto)Pilot support

Robots near humans

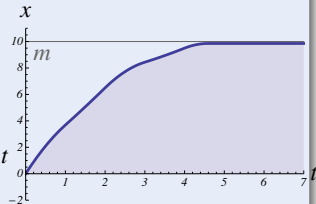
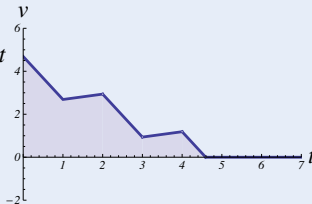
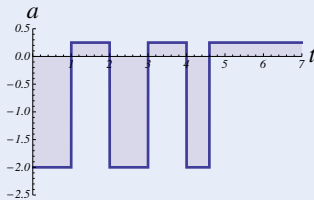
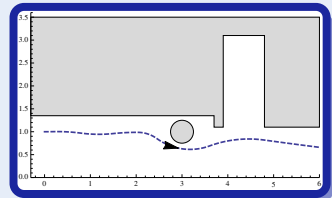
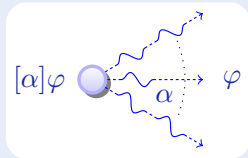


Cyber-Physical Systems

CPSs combine cyber capabilities with physical capabilities to solve problems that neither part could solve alone.

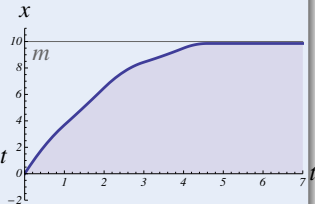
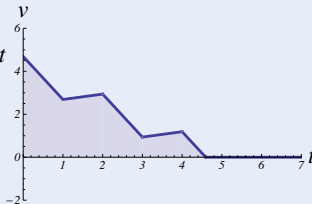
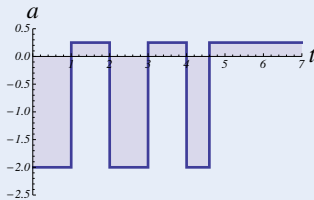
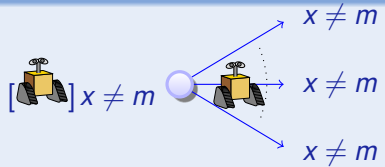
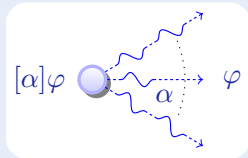
Concept (Differential Dynamic Logic)

(JAR'08, LICS'12)



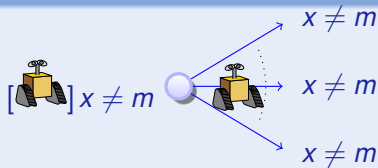
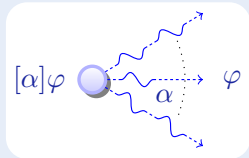
Concept (Differential Dynamic Logic)

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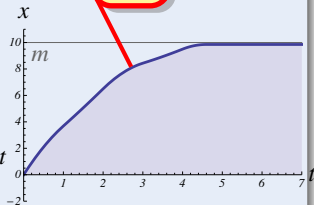
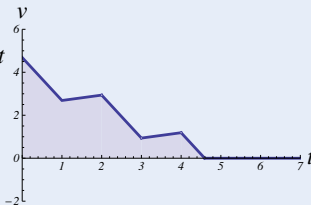
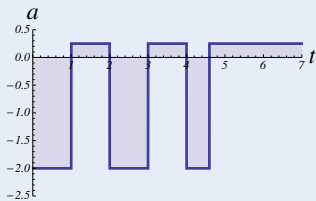
Concept (Differential Dynamic Logic)

(JAR'08, LICS'12)



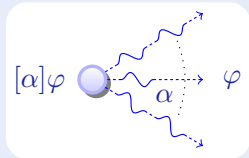
$$x' = v, v' = a$$

ODE



Concept (Differential Dynamic Logic)

(JAR'08,LICS'12)



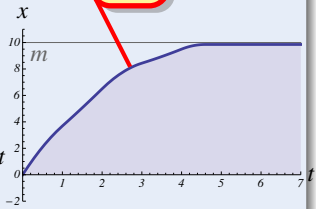
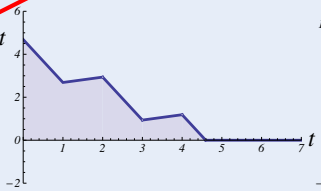
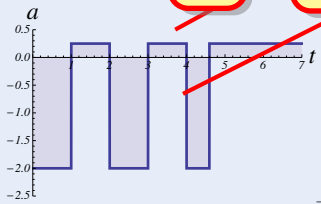
seq.
compose

$$(if(SB(x,m)) a := -b); x' = v, v' = a$$

cond

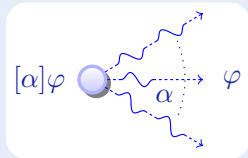
assign

ODE



Concept (Differential Dynamic Logic)

(JAR'08, LICS'12)



seq.
compose

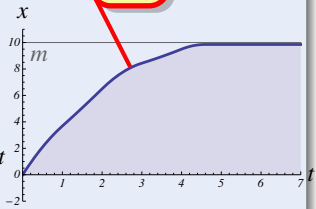
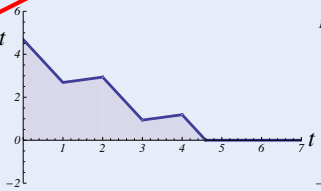
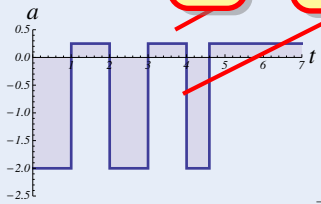
nondet.
repeat

$$((\text{if}(\text{SB}(x, m)) a := -b); x' = v, v' = a)^*$$

cond

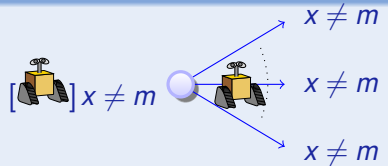
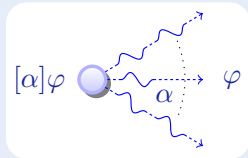
assign

ODE



Concept (Differential Dynamic Logic)

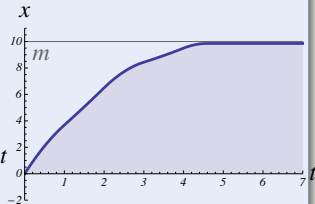
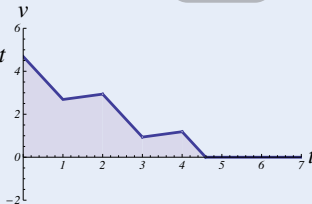
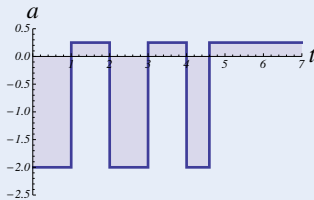
(JAR'08, LICS'12)



$$\left[\left(\text{if}(\text{SB}(x, m)) a := -b \right); x' = v, v' = a \right]^* x \neq m$$

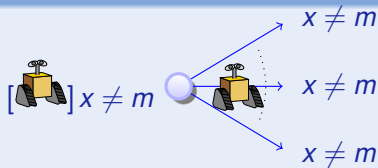
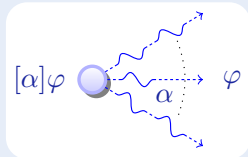
all runs

post



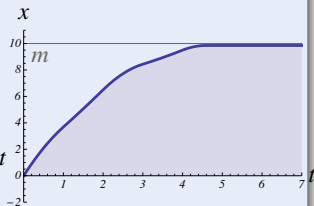
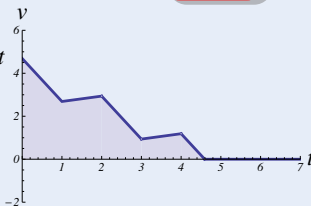
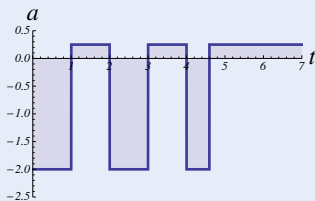
Concept (Differential Dynamic Logic)

(JAR'08, LICS'12)



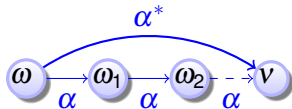
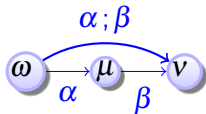
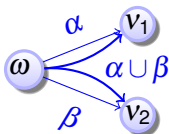
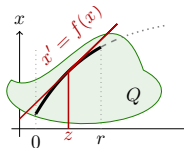
$$\underbrace{x \neq m \wedge b > 0}_{\text{init}} \rightarrow \left[\left(\text{if}(\text{SB}(x, m)) \ a := -b \ ; \ x' = v, v' = a \right)^* \right] \underbrace{x \neq m}_{\text{post}}$$

all runs



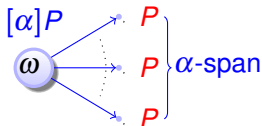
Definition (Hybrid program)

$$\alpha, \beta ::= x := e \mid ?Q \mid x' = f(x) \& Q \mid \alpha \cup \beta \mid \alpha; \beta \mid \alpha^*$$



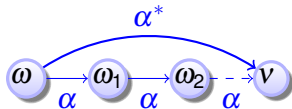
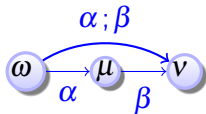
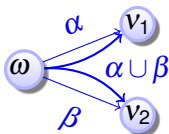
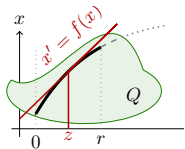
Definition (Differential dynamic logic)

$$P, Q ::= e \geq \tilde{e} \mid \neg P \mid P \wedge Q \mid P \vee Q \mid P \rightarrow Q \mid \forall x P \mid \exists x P \mid [\alpha]P \mid \langle \alpha \rangle P$$



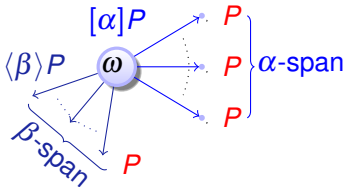
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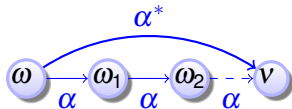
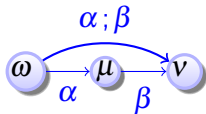
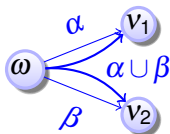
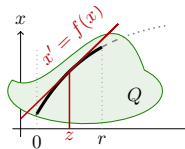
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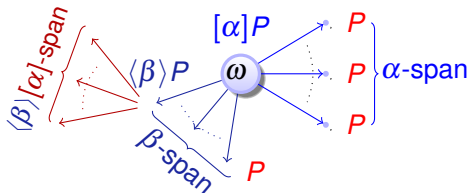
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Definition (Differential dynamic logic)

$$P, Q ::= e \geq \tilde{e} \mid \neg P \mid P \wedge Q \mid P \vee Q \mid P \rightarrow Q \mid \forall x P \mid \exists x P \mid [\alpha]P \mid \langle \alpha \rangle P$$



$$[:=] \quad [x := e]P(x) \leftrightarrow P(e)$$

$$[?] \quad [?Q]P \leftrightarrow (Q \rightarrow P)$$

$$['] \quad [x' = f(x)]P \leftrightarrow \forall t \geq 0 [x := x(t)]P \quad (x'(t) = f(x))$$

$$[\cup] \quad [\alpha \cup \beta]P \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \wedge [\beta]P$$

$$[;] \quad [\alpha; \beta]P \leftrightarrow [\alpha][\beta]P$$

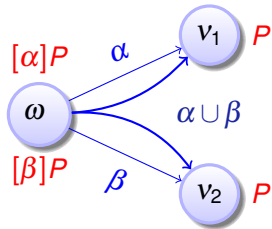
$$[*] \quad [\alpha^*]P \leftrightarrow P \wedge [\alpha][\alpha^*]P$$

$$K \quad [\alpha](P \rightarrow Q) \rightarrow ([\alpha]P \rightarrow [\alpha]Q)$$

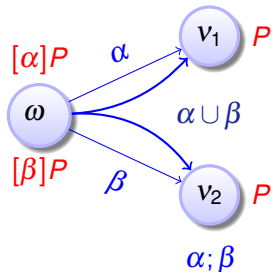
$$I \quad [\alpha^*]P \leftrightarrow P \wedge [\alpha^*](P \rightarrow [\alpha]P)$$

$$C \quad [\alpha^*]\forall v > 0 (P(v) \rightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle P(v-1)) \rightarrow \forall v (P(v) \rightarrow \langle \alpha^* \rangle \exists v \leq 0 P(v))$$

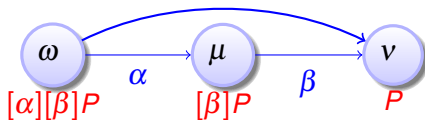
$$[\alpha \cup \beta]P \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \wedge [\beta]P$$



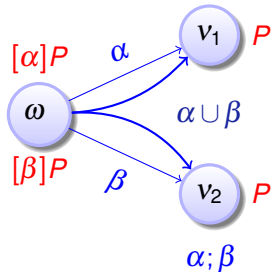
$$[\alpha \cup \beta]P \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \wedge [\beta]P$$



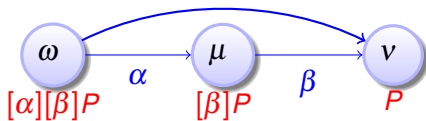
$$[\alpha; \beta]P \leftrightarrow [\alpha][\beta]P$$



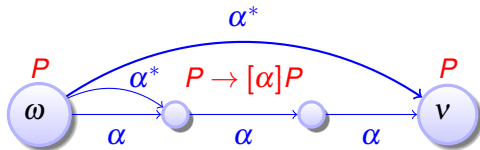
$$[\alpha \cup \beta]P \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \wedge [\beta]P$$



$$[\alpha; \beta]P \leftrightarrow [\alpha][\beta]P$$

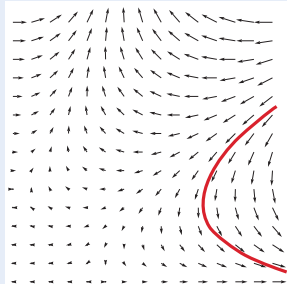


$$[\alpha^*]P \leftrightarrow P \wedge [\alpha^*](P \rightarrow [\alpha]P)$$

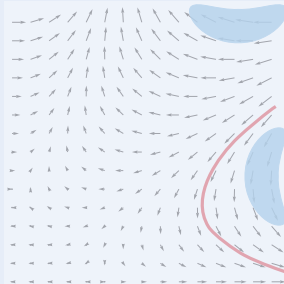


A Differential Invariants for Differential Equations

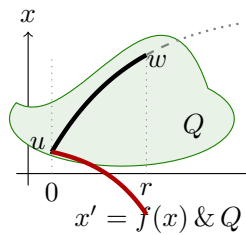
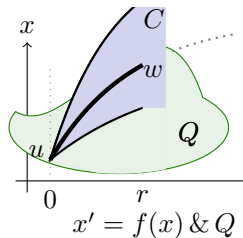
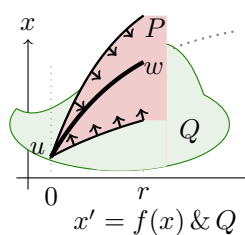
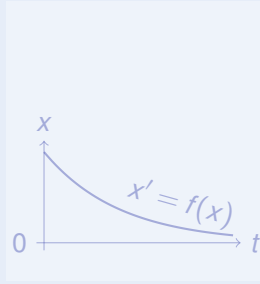
Differential Invariant



Differential Cut

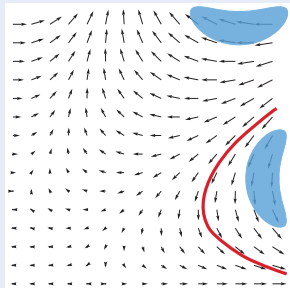


Differential Ghost

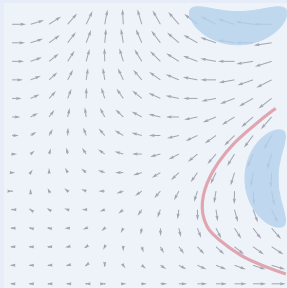


A Differential Invariants for Differential Equations

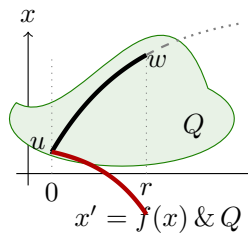
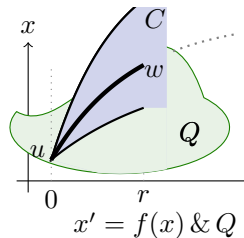
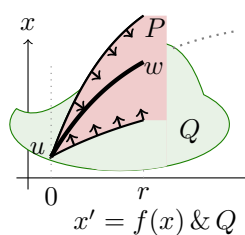
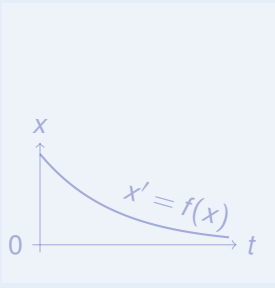
Differential Invariant



Differential Cut

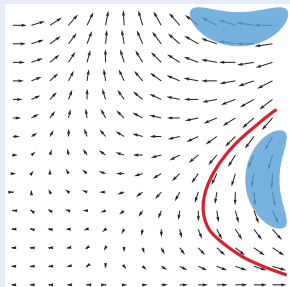


Differential Ghost

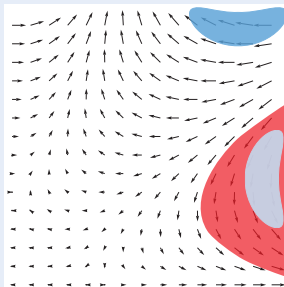


A Differential Invariants for Differential Equations

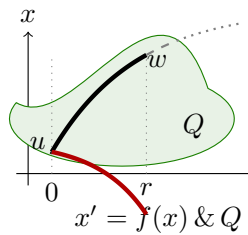
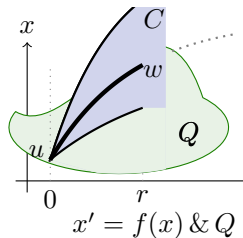
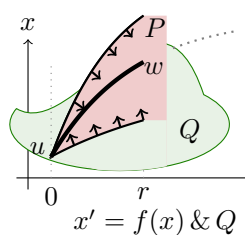
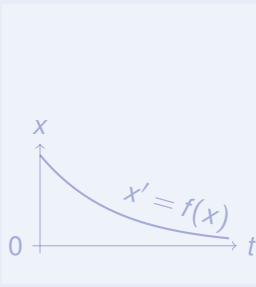
Differential Invariant



Differential Cut

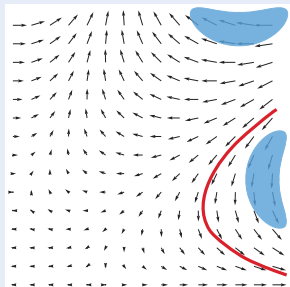


Differential Ghost

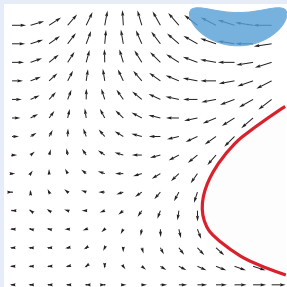


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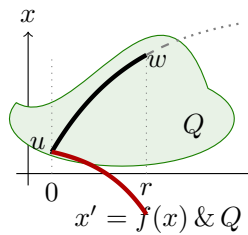
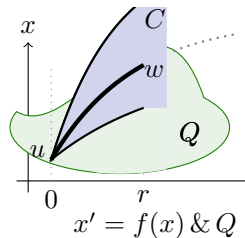
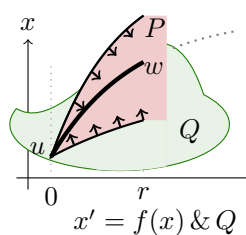
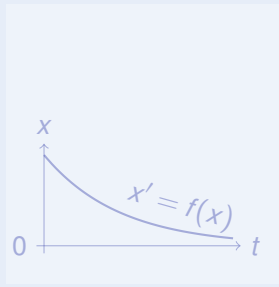
Differential Invariant



Differential Cut

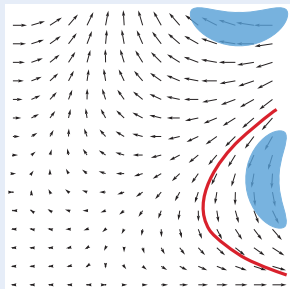


Differential Ghost

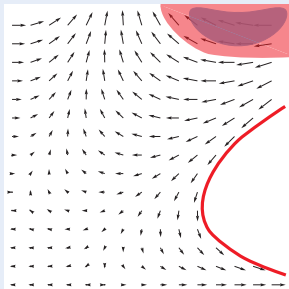


A Differential Invariants for Differential Equations

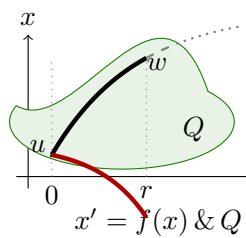
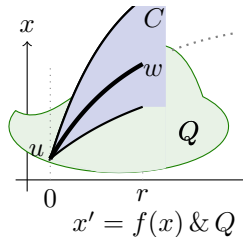
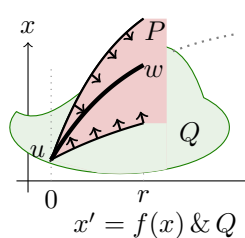
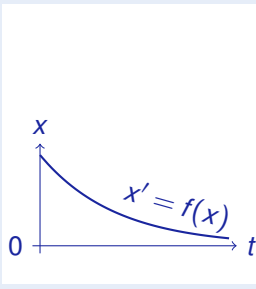
Differential Invariant



Differential Cut

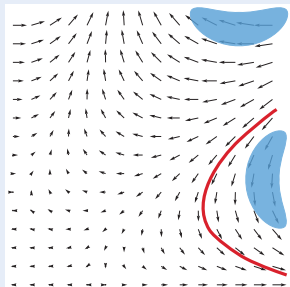


Differential Ghost

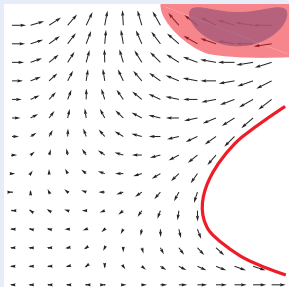


A Differential Invariants for Differential Equations

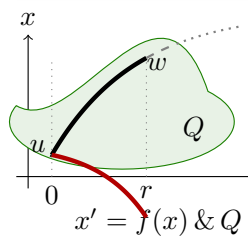
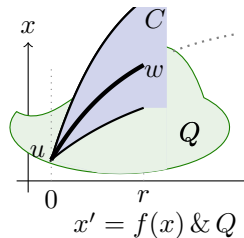
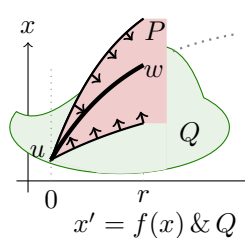
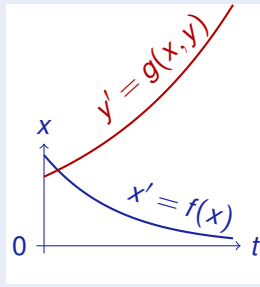
Differential Invariant



Differential Cut

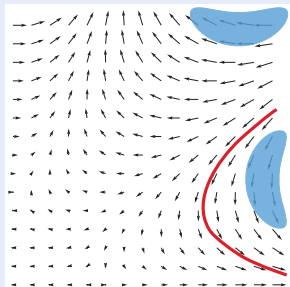


Differential Ghost

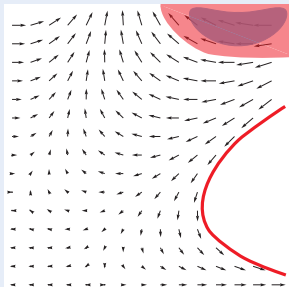


A Differential Invariants for Differential Equations

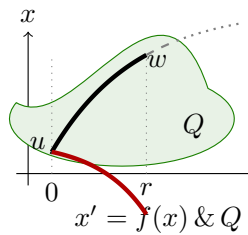
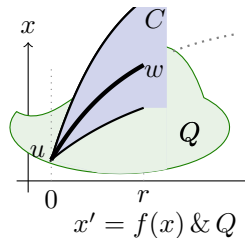
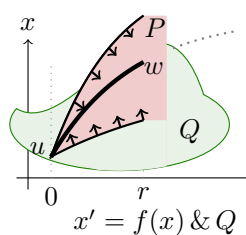
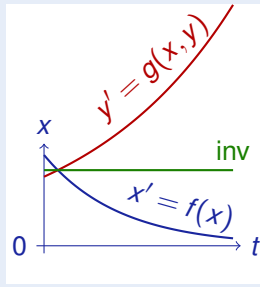
Differential Invariant



Differential Cut



Differential Ghost



A Differential Invariants for Differential Equations

Differential Invariant

$$\frac{P \rightarrow [x' := f(x)](P)'}{P \rightarrow [x' = f(x) \ \& \ Q]P}$$

Differential Cut

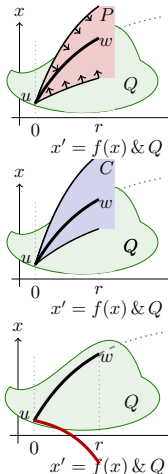
$$\frac{P \rightarrow [x' = f(x) \ \& \ Q]C \quad P \rightarrow [x' = f(x) \ \& \ Q \wedge C]P}{P \rightarrow [x' = f(x) \ \& \ Q]P}$$

Differential Ghost

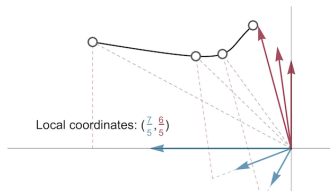
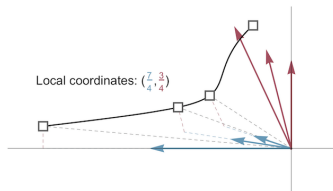
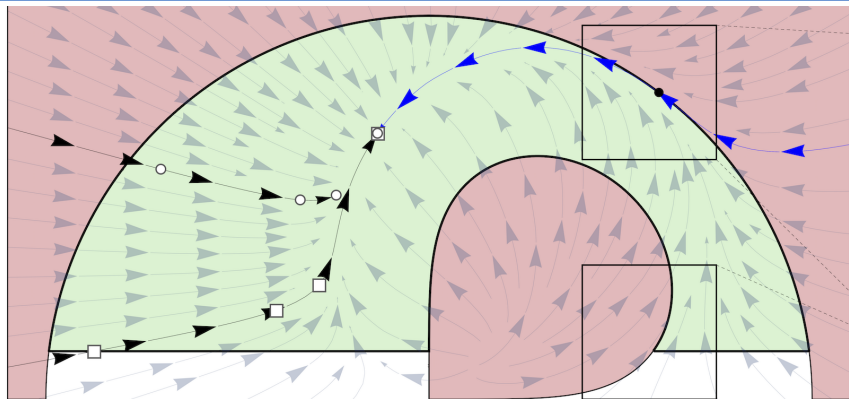
$$\frac{P \leftrightarrow \exists y G \quad G \rightarrow [x' = f(x), y' = g(x, y) \ \& \ Q]G}{P \rightarrow [x' = f(x) \ \& \ Q]P}$$

deductive power added $DI \prec DI+DC \prec DI+DC+DG$

$$\llbracket (e)' \rrbracket_v = \sum_x v(x') \frac{\partial \llbracket e \rrbracket}{\partial x}(v)$$



Completeness for Differential Equation Invariants



LICS'18, JACM'20

Theorem (Algebraic Completeness)

(LICS'18, JACM'20)

dL calculus is a sound & complete axiomatization of algebraic invariants of polynomial differential equations. They are decidable by DI, DC, DG in dL.

Theorem (Semialgebraic Completeness)

(LICS'18, JACM'20)

dL calculus with RI is a sound & complete axiomatization of semialgebraic invariants of differential equations. They are decidable in dL.

Theorem (Algebraic Completeness) (LICS'18, JACM'20)

dL calculus is a sound & complete axiomatization of algebraic invariants of polynomial differential equations. They are decidable with a derived axiom:

$$(DRI) \quad [x' = f(x) \ \& \ Q]p = 0 \leftrightarrow (Q \rightarrow p^{\bullet(*)} = 0) \quad (Q \text{ open})$$

Theorem (Semialgebraic Completeness) (LICS'18, JACM'20)

dL calculus with RI is a sound & complete axiomatization of semialgebraic invariants of differential equations. They are decidable with derived axiom:

$$(SAI) \quad \forall x (P \rightarrow [x' = f(x)]P) \leftrightarrow \forall x (P \rightarrow P^{\bullet(*)}) \wedge \forall x (\neg P \rightarrow (\neg P)^{\bullet(-*)})$$

Definable $p^{\bullet(*)}$ is short for *all/significant* Lie derivative w.r.t. ODE

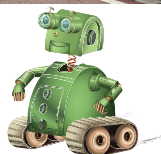
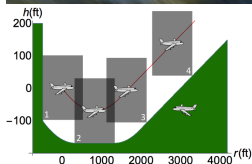
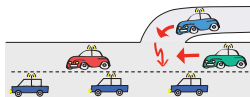
Definable $p^{\bullet(-*)}$ is w.r.t. backwards ODE $x' = -f(x)$.

Prospects: Safety & Efficiency

(Autonomous) cars

(Auto)Pilot support

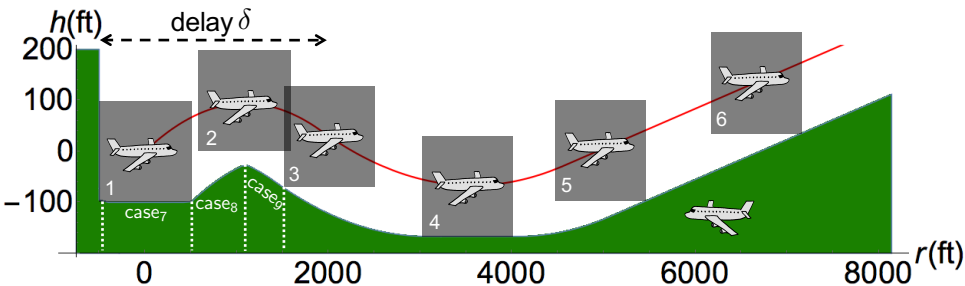
Robots near humans



Cyber-Physical Systems

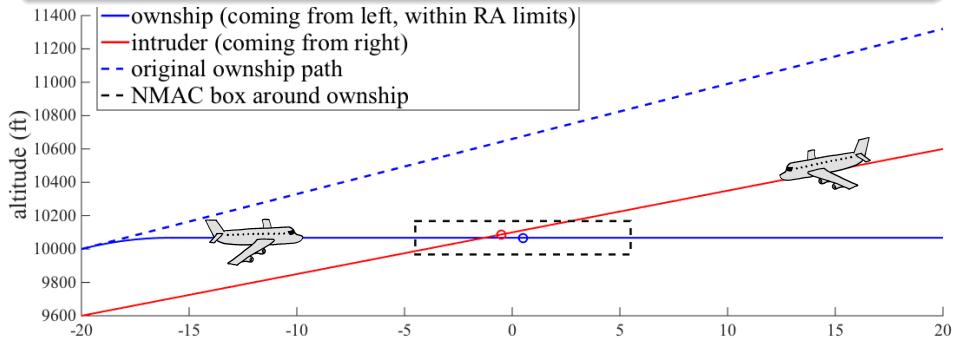
CPSs combine cyber capabilities with physical capabilities to solve problems that neither part could solve alone.

- Developed by the FAA to replace current TCAS in aircraft
- Approximately optimizes Markov Decision Process on a grid
- Advisory from lookup tables with numerous 5D interpolation regions



- 1 Identified safe region for each advisory symbolically
- 2 Proved safety for hybrid systems flight model in KeYmaera X

ACAS X table comparison shows safe advisory in 97.7% of the 648,591,384,375 states compared (15,160,434,734 counterexamples).



ACAS X issues DNC advisory, which induces collision unless corrected

Autonomous CPS



← Monitor transfers safety

ModelPlex proof synthesizes →

Compliance Monitor

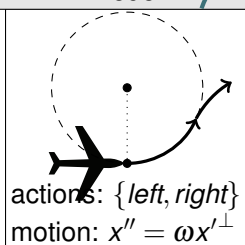


I

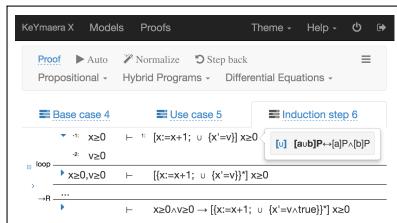


Model Safety

Model



KeYmaera X



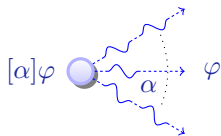
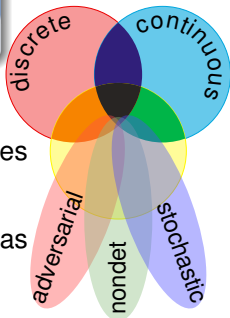
generates proofs

→ Proof and invariant search →

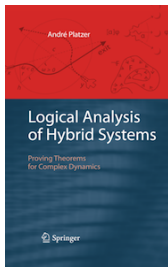
differential dynamic logic

$$dL = DL + HP$$

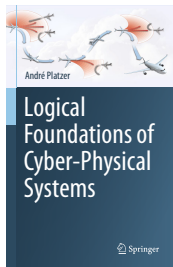
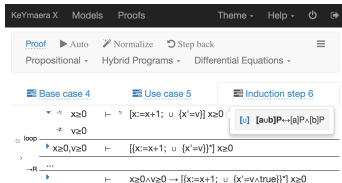
- Strong analytic foundations
- Practical reasoning advances
- Significant applications
- Catalyze many science areas



- Logic & Proofs for CPS
- Programming languages
- Theorem proving
- Multi-dynamical systems



KeYmaera X



Numerous wonders remain to be discovered

- Verified CPS implementations by ModelPlex
- Correct CPS execution
- CPS proof and tactic languages+libraries
- Big CPS built from safe components
- Real arithmetic: Scalable and verified
- Scalable stochastic dynamics reasoning
- Concurrent CPS
- Invariant generation
- Safe AI autonomy in CPS
- Correct model transformation
- Refinement + system property proofs
- CPS information flow
- Hybrid games

FMSD'16

PLDI'18

ITP'17

STTT'18

CADE'09

CADE'11

FM'19

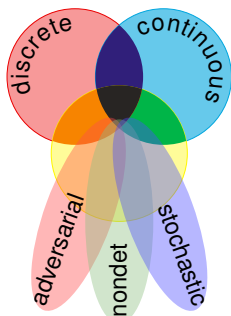
AAAI'18

FM'14

LICS'16

LICS'18

TOCL'15



CPSs deserve proofs as safety evidence!

I Part: Elementary Cyber-Physical Systems

2. Differential Equations & Domains
3. Choice & Control
4. Safety & Contracts
5. Dynamical Systems & Dynamic Axioms
6. Truth & Proof
7. Control Loops & Invariants
8. Events & Responses
9. Reactions & Delays

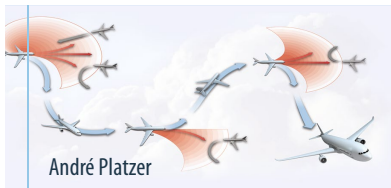
II Part: Differential Equations Analysis

10. Differential Equations & Differential Invariants
11. Differential Equations & Proofs
12. Ghosts & Differential Ghosts
13. Differential Invariants & Proof Theory

III Part: Adversarial Cyber-Physical Systems

- 14-17. Hybrid Systems & Hybrid Games

IV Part: Comprehensive CPS Correctness



Logical Foundations of Cyber-Physical Systems



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